

OUR PROJECT IS OPEN-SOURCE!



CONTACT US AT:

Web: www.quasi-software.org

Mail: info@quasi-software.org

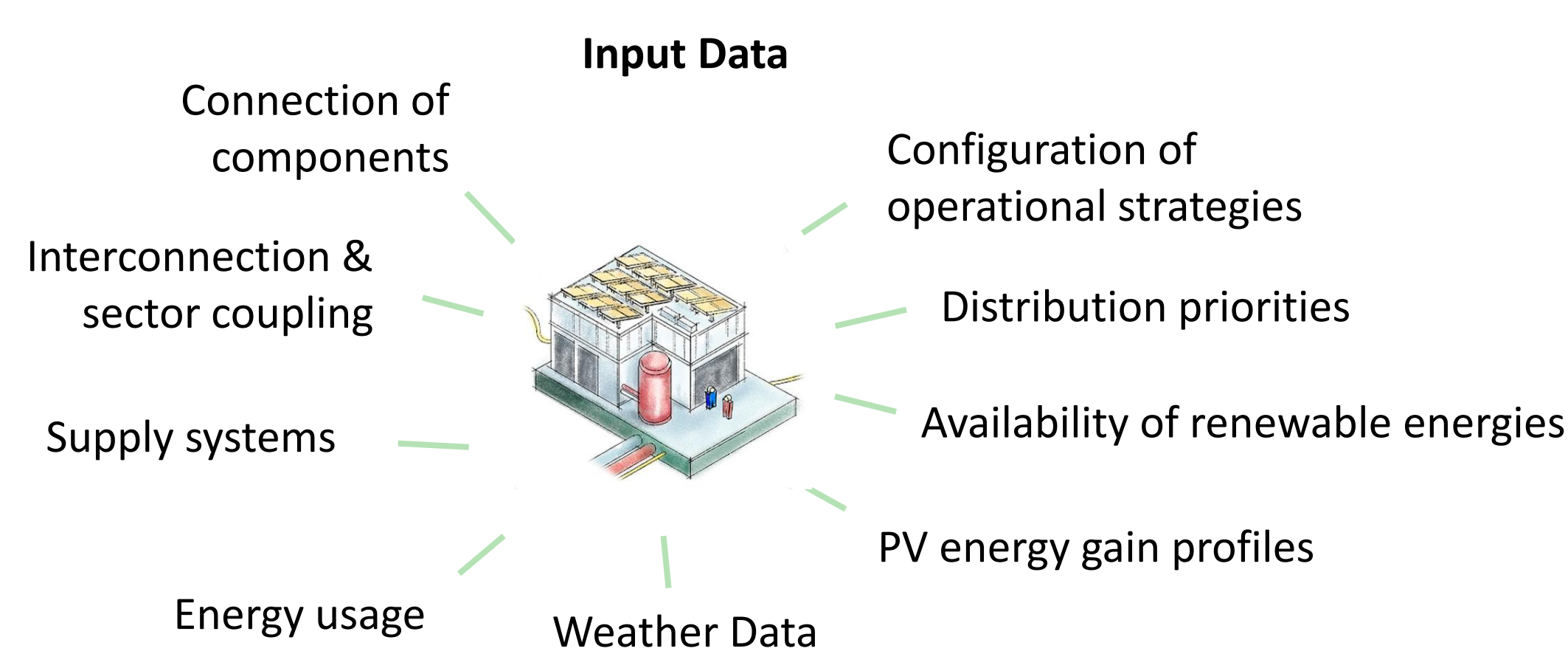
DISTRICT-SCALE ENERGY SYSTEM SIMULATION WITH RESIE

Simulation engine for sector-coupled energy system simulation on the scale of buildings and districts, based on a novel approach

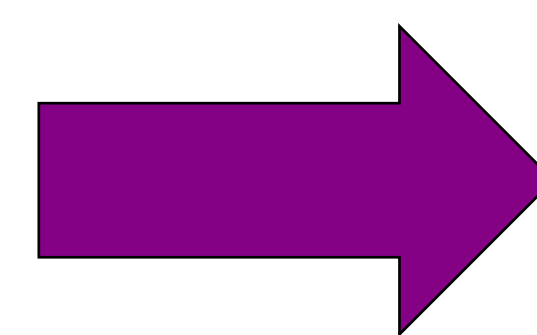
MOTIVATION

- Simulation support for planning and evaluation of energy supply systems at building and district scale
- Low barrier to entry for the usage in early planning phase for new constructions and modernisations
- Realistic physical model of complex thermal systems, such as ground-coupled thermal storages, geothermal probes or collectors
- Rule-based operational strategies as a central basis for resilient system planning

INPUT

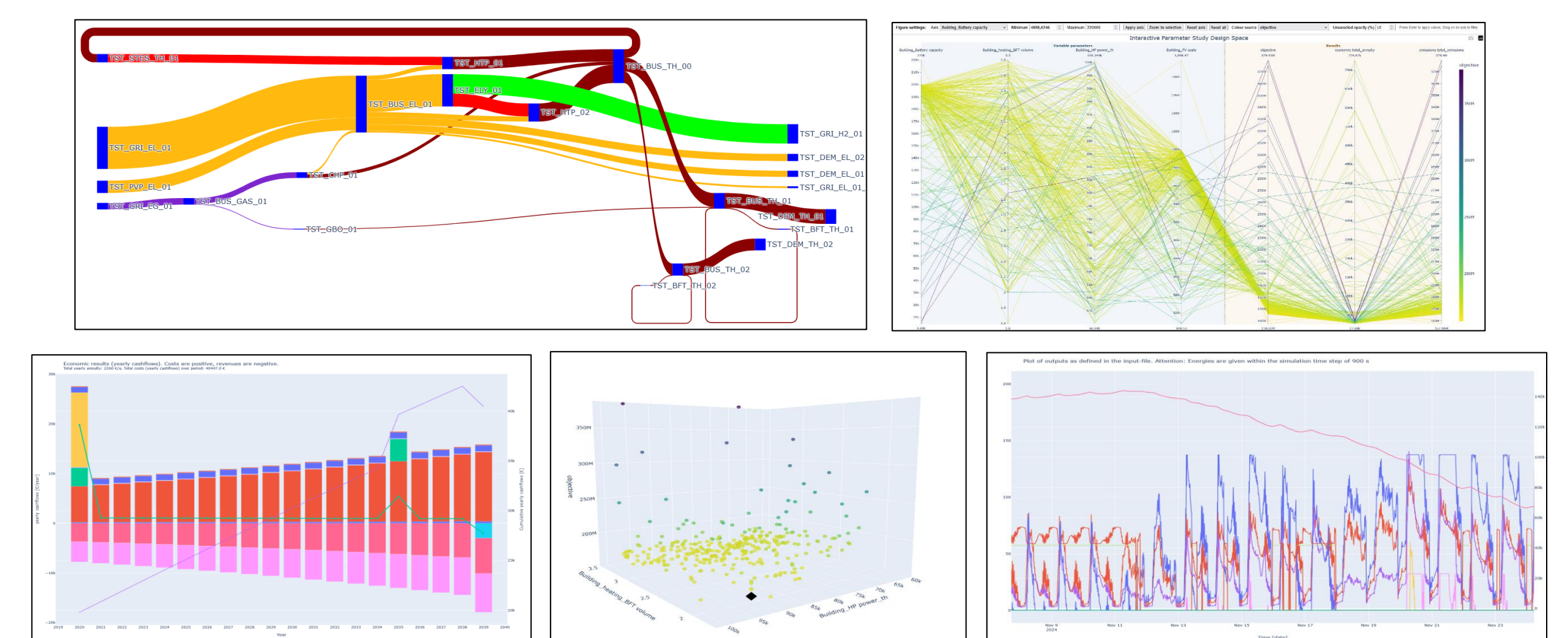


Input of components, their connections and dimensions via SUSI as well as parameters of the operational strategies being used e.g. dynamic temperature-dependent distribution priorities or load/unloading hysteresis of energy storages.

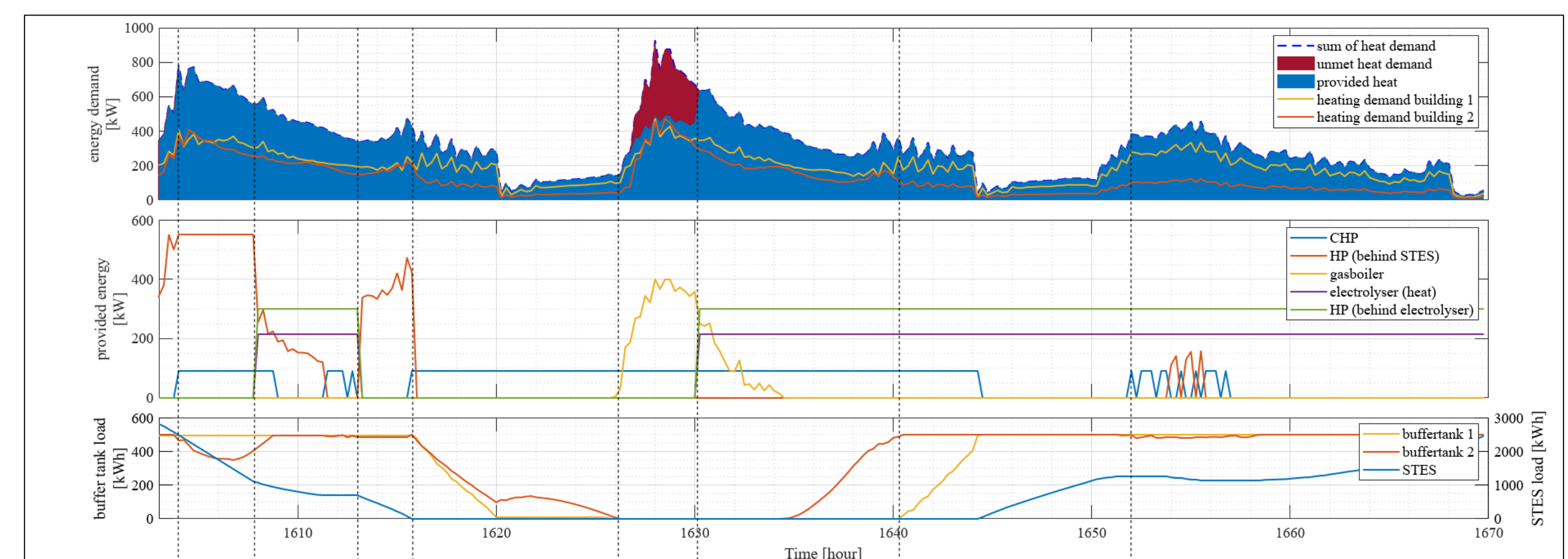


EXEMPLARY RESULTS

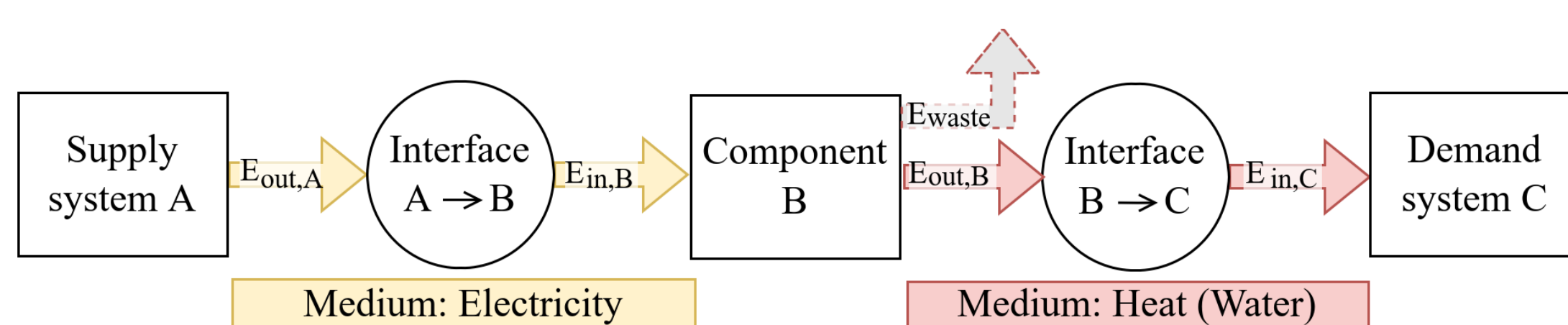
Integrated carbon footprint analysis, economic assessment using VDI 2067, energy flow diagram and black-box optimization, sensitivity analysis and automated parameter variation.



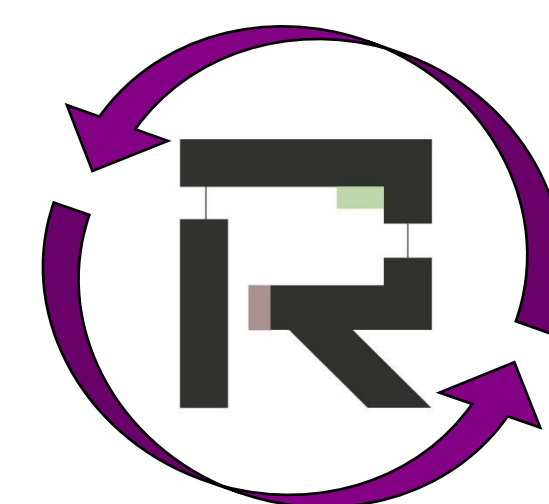
Exemplary analysis of three days at the start of march with an empty seasonal thermal storage



NOVEL MODELLING APPROACH



- Connections between components are abstracted as interfaces
- This allows flow of information (energy, power limits, temperature, etc.) without explicit dependencies on the implementation of the individual components
- Buses handle the energy management at junctions with multiple entries/exits



Closed calculation of the entire system (without LSE/LinOpt/MILP)

- No linearization necessary
- No restrictions for component modelling (enables, for example, finite volume models for Pit & geothermal collector)
- Operational strategies can be clearly defined (state-based)
- Optimization via black box approach thanks to high-performance programming language Julia

Simulation is executed for every time step

Base order of steps in simulation

Simulation step	Component category				
	fixed sources & sinks	bus	transformer	storage	flexible sources & sinks
control		→	→	→	→
process		→	→	→	→
potential		→	→	→	→
load		→	→	→	→

- Every component is mapped to a category
- Every category has pre-defined simulation steps

The order of the steps in the simulation is modified using, among other factors, the operational strategy and the connection of the components with a specially designed **algorithm**

→ The flow of information between the components is secured even in the case of mutual dependency

